CASTLENET TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of CastleNet Technology Inc.

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of CastleNet Technology Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the three-month periods then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

#### Scope of Review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" of the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three-month periods then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

May 10, 2024

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The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

# CASTLENET TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS MARCH 31, 2024, DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND MARCH 31, 2023 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Assets		March 31, 20 AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	December 31, 2 AMOUNT	December 31, 2023 AMOUNT %		23 %
	Current assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 98,191	4	\$ 338,008	12	\$ 130,608	5
1110	Current financial assets at fair	6(2)						
	value through profit or loss		1,582,617	57	1,550,470	55	-	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(3)	124,811	4	99,659	4	390,266	14
1200	Other receivables	7	31,150	1	9,213	-	16,254	1
130X	Inventory	6(4)	796,110	29	708,723	25	553,056	20
1479	Other current assets	8	71,019	3	63,591	2	51,984	2
11XX	<b>Total current assets</b>		2,703,898	98	2,769,664	98	1,142,168	42
]	Non-current assets							
1510	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(2)						
	value through profit or loss		-	-	-	-	1,504,852	56
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(5)	16,066	1	16,189	1	20,799	1
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(6)	7,592	-	9,460	-	4,329	-
1780	Intangible assets		454	-	903	-	1,882	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets		28,434	1	22,005	1	12,882	1
1920	Guarantee deposits paid		1,321	-	1,479	-	818	-
1990	Other non-current assets		10,703		10,703		12,284	
15XX	Total non-current assets		64,570	2	60,739	2	1,557,846	58
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 2,768,468	100	\$ 2,830,403	100	\$ 2,700,014	100

(Continued)

## CASTLENET TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS MARCH 31, 2024, DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND MARCH 31, 2023 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Tishiikis sad Essiks	N-4				December 31, 2023 AMOUNT %			3	
	Liabilities and Equity  Liabilities	Notes		AMOUNI	<del>90</del>	AMOUNT			AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities									
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(7)	\$	659,023	24	\$ 430,000	15	\$	305,000	11
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(8)	Ψ	-	_	100,000	4	Ψ	303,000	-
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(15)		4,191	_	4,191	_		11,289	1
2170	Accounts payable	*()		36,074	1	96,056	3		99,579	4
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7		52,101	2	44,087	2		303,915	11
2200	Other payables	6(9)		45,471	2	62,622	2		31,005	1
2220	Other payables - related parties	7		2,474	_	142,778	5		5,356	_
2280	Current lease liabilities			6,184	_	7,472	_		2,680	_
2399	Other current liabilities			8,773	1	4,079	_		670	_
21XX	Total current liabilities			814,291	30	891,285	31		759,494	28
	Non-current liabilities									
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities			28,434	1	22,005	1		12,882	1
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			1,498	-	2,120	_		1,860	-
2600	Other non-current liabilities			1,147	-	2,271	-		4,331	-
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			31,079	1	26,396	1		19,073	1
2XXX	Total liabilities			845,370	31	917,681	32		778,567	29
	Equity				_					
	Equity attributable to owners of									
	parent									
	Share capital	6(12)								
3110	Common stock			1,925,468	69	1,908,905	68		1,886,180	70
3140	Advance receipts for share capital			837	-	7,445	-		-	-
	Capital surplus	6(13)								
3200	Capital surplus			148,010	6	145,763	5		137,378	5
	Retained earnings	6(14)								
3310	Legal reserve			18,969	1	18,969	1		18,969	1
3350	Accumulated deficit		(	127,418)(	5)	( 123,980)	( 4)	(	77,346)(	3)
	Other equity interest									
3400	Other equity interest		(	42,768)(	2)	(44,380)	(2)	(	43,734)(	2)
31XX	Equity attributable to owners									
	of the parent			1,923,098	69	1,912,722	68		1,921,447	71
3XXX	Total equity			1,923,098	69	1,912,722	68		1,921,447	71
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9								
	unrecognised contract commitments									
	Significant events after the balance	11								
	sheet date									
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	2,768,468	100	\$ 2,830,403	100	\$	2,700,014	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## CASTLENET TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings (loss) per share amount)

				nded March 31				
				2024		2023		
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	_
4000	Sales revenue	6(15)	\$	59,865	100	\$ 299,0	094 100	C
5000	Operating costs	6(4) and 7	(	53,951)(	90)	(235,	<u>825</u> ) ( <u>79</u>	<u>)</u> )
5950	Operating margin			5,914	10	63,	269 21	1
	Operating expenses	6(17) and 7						
6100	Selling expenses		(	4,150)(	7)	( 5,8	846) ( 2	2)
6200	General and administrative							
	expenses		(	12,114)(	21)	(14,9)	979)( 5	5)
6300	Research and development							
	expenses		(	24,606)(	41)	(28,0	<u>633</u> ) ( <u> </u>	<u>9</u> )
6000	Total operating expenses		(	40,870)(	69)	(49,	458) ( <u>16</u>	<u>5</u> )
6900	Operating (loss) profit		(	34,956)(	<u>59</u> )	13,	8115	5
	Non-operating income and							
	expenses							
7100	Interest income			1,073	2	1,	454 -	-
7010	Other income			161	-		50 -	-
7020	Other gains and losses	6(16)		33,676	56	38,	412 13	3
7050	Finance costs	6(6)(7)(8)	(	3,392)(	<u>5</u> )	(1,	<u>408</u> )	_
7000	Total non-operating income							
	and expenses			31,518	53	38,	508 13	3
7900	(Loss) profit before income tax		(	3,438)(	6)	52,	319 18	3
7950	Income tax expense	6(19)		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	_
8200	(Loss) profit for the period		(\$	3,438)(	6)	\$ 52,	319 18	3
	Other comprehensive income				<del></del>			=
	Components of other							
	comprehensive income that will							
	be reclassified to profit or loss							
8361	Exchange differences on							
	translation		\$	1,612	3	\$	111 -	-
8300	Other comprehensive income for		-					_
	the period, net of tax		\$	1,612	3	\$	111 -	_
8500	Total comprehensive (loss)		<del></del>			<u>·</u>		=
	income for the period		(\$	1,826)(	3)	\$ 52,	430 18	3
	(Loss) profit, attributable to:		(4	1,020		<del>*</del> 32,	150	<u> </u>
8610	Owners of the parent		(\$	3,438)(	6)	\$ 52,3	319 18	Q
0010	Comprehensive (loss) income		(ψ	<u> </u>		ψ J2,	119 110	_
	attributable to:							
9710			<i>(</i> <b>b</b>	1 026)/	2)	¢ 50	120 10	Ω
8710	Owners of the parent		( <u>\$</u>	1,826)(	3)	\$ 52,4	430 18	5
	(Loss) earnings per share	6(20)						
9750	Basic (loss) earnings per share		(\$		0.02)	\$	0.28	3
9850	Diluted (loss) earnings per share		( <u>\$</u>		0.02)	\$	0.28	3

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### <u>CASTLENET TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES</u> <u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY</u>

### THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Equity attributable to owners of the parent											
		Capital					Retained Earnings				]	ner Equity Interest		
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	rece	dvance eipts for e capital	Сар	pital surplus	_Le <sub>2</sub>	gal reserve	Ac	ccumulated deficit	st tra diff	inancial atements anslation erences of foreign perations	Tot	tal equity
<u>2023</u>														
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$ 1,886,180	\$		\$	136,511	\$	18,969	(\$	129,665)	(\$	43,845)	\$ 1	,868,150
Profit for the period		-		-		<del>-</del>		-		52,319		_		52,319
Other comprehensive income for the period		<u> </u>	-			<u>-</u>						111		111
Total comprehensive income		<u> </u>	-			_				52,319		111		52,430
Share-based payments	6(11)(13)	<u> </u>	-			867								867
Balance at March 31, 2023		\$ 1,886,180	\$		\$	137,378	\$	18,969	(\$	77,346)	(\$	43,734)	\$ 1	,921,447
<u>2024</u>														
Balance at January 1, 2024		\$ 1,908,905	\$	7,445	\$	145,763	\$	18,969	(\$	123,980)	(\$	44,380)	\$ 1	,912,722
Loss for the period		-		-		-		-	(	3,438)		-	(	3,438)
Other comprehensive income for the period						<u>-</u>		=		<u>-</u>		1,612		1,612
Total comprehensive income (loss)		<u> </u>				<u>-</u>		=	(	3,438)		1,612	(	1,826)
Share-based payments	6(11)(13)	-		-		200		=		=		-		200
Exercise of employee share options	6(12)(13)	16,563	(	6,608)		2,048		-		-		-		12,003
Overdue dividends reclaimed by shareholders	6(13)				(	1)							(	1)
Balance at March 31, 2024		\$ 1,925,468	\$	837	\$	148,010	\$	18,969	(\$	127,418)	(\$	42,768)	\$ 1	,923,098

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# CASTLENET TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Three months ended March 31					
	Notes		2024		2023		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
(Loss) profit before tax		(\$	3,438)	\$	52,319		
Adjustments		( 4	2,.23,	4	02,013		
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)							
Depreciation	6(17)		3,571		3,711		
Amortization	6(17)		449		425		
Loss on expected credit impairment	12(2)		7		121		
Employee share options	6(11)		200		867		
Interest income	,	(	1,073)	(	1,454)		
Interest expense		`	3,392	•	1,408		
Gain on financial assets at fair value	6(16)	(	32,147)	(	36,674)		
Cost of provisions			3,967		1,342		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities							
Changes in operating assets							
Accounts receivable		(	25,159)	(	121,101)		
Other receivables		(	21,681)	(	3,137)		
Inventory		(	87,387)		2,177		
Other current assets		(	7,428)	(	11,537)		
Other non-current assets			-		130		
Changes in operating liabilities							
Accounts payable		(	59,982)	(	41,315)		
Accounts payable - related parties			8,014	(	99,561)		
Other payables		(	15,283)	(	17,012)		
Other payables - related parties		(	140,304)	(	2,924)		
Other current liabilities		(	397)	(	353)		
Cash outflow generated from operations		(	374,679)	(	272,568)		
Interest paid		(	3,307)	(	1,337)		
Income taxes paid		(	91)	(	85)		
Net cash flows used in operating activities		(	378,077)	(	273,990)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		<u> </u>	·	,			
Decrease in receivables from raw materials							
purchases on behalf of others			-		101,168		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(21)	(	3,533)	(	4,466)		
Decrease in guarantee deposits paid		•	158		- ´		
Interest received			908		817		
Net cash flows (used in) from investing activities		(	2,467)		97,519		

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## CASTLENET TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Three months e	nded N		
	Notes		2024		2023	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Increase in short-term borrowings		\$	664,023	\$	261,000	
Repayments of short-term borrowings		(	435,000)	(	211,000)	
Repayments of short-term notes and bills payable		(	100,000)		-	
Repayment of lease liabilities		(	1,910)	(	786)	
Overdue dividends reclaimed by shareholders	6(13)	(	1)		-	
Exercise of employee share options	6(12)		12,003	·	<u>-</u>	
Net cash flows from financing activities			139,115		49,214	
Effect of exchange rate changes			1,612		111	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(	239,817)	(	127,146)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6(1)		338,008		257,754	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	6(1)	\$	98,191	\$	130,608	

## CASTLENET TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

#### 1. History and Organization

CastleNet Technology Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares on June 26, 1998 and obtained its Business Registration Certificate on August 26, 1998. In addition, the Company's stocks were listed on the Taipei Exchange in March 2010. The Company is primarily engaged in manufacturing and selling of consumer electronics products such as broadband communications and digital home entertainment.

- 2. The Date of Authorization for Issuance of the Financial Statements and Procedures for Authorization
  These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on May 10, 2024.
- 3. Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations
  - (1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS®") Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2024 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-	January 1, 2024
current'	
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier finance arrangements'	January 1, 2024

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group None.

#### (3) IFRS Accounting Standards issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 –	January 1, 2023
comparative information'	
IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements'	January 1, 2027
Amendments to IAS 21, 'Lack of exchangeability'	January 1, 2025

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements'

IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements' replaces IAS 1. The standard introduces a defined structure of the statement of profit or loss, disclosure requirements related to management-defined performance measures, and enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and notes.

#### 4. Summary of Material Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies adopted are consistent with Note 4 in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, except for the compliance statement, basis of preparation, basis of consolidation and additional policies as set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (1) Compliance statement

- A. The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC.
- B. These consolidated financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### (2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
  - (a) Financial assets (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.

- (b) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC<sup>®</sup> Interpretations, and SIC<sup>®</sup> Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

#### (3) Basis of consolidation

A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:

The basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements is consistent with the basis as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of	Name of	Main business				
investor	subsidiary	activities	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023	Description
CastleNet Technology Inc.	CastleNet Technology (BVI) Inc.	Investment holdings	100	100	100	
CastleNet Technology (BVI) Inc.	CastleNet Technology Inc Kunshan	Manufacture and design of broadband communication products such as modem	100	100	100	

The financial statements of the abovementioned subsidiaries, which were included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, as of and for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 were all reviewed by independent auditors.

- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Restrictions on fund remittance from subsidiaries to the parent company: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

#### (4) Employee benefits

Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. And, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

#### (5) Income tax

- A. The interim period income tax expense is recognized based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- B. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

#### 5. Critical Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Key Sources of Assumption Uncertainty

There was no significant change in the reporting period. Refer to Note 5 in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### 6. Details of Significant Accounts

#### (1) Cash and cash equivalents

	 March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023		
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$ 188	\$	213	\$	253	
Checking accounts and demand deposits	61,643		267,809		94,769	
Time deposits	36,360		34,986		35,586	
Repo bonds	 =		35,000		<u>-</u>	
	\$ 98,191	\$	338,008	\$	130,608	

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. The Group's demand deposits pledged to others as collateral had been transferred to "other current asset". Refer to Note 8 for details.

#### (2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	March	31, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023	M	larch 31, 2023
Current items:						
Financial assets mandatorily measured at						
fair value through profit or loss						
Convertible bonds	\$	1,334,996	\$	1,334,996	\$	-
Valuation adjustment		247,621		215,474		
		1,582,617		1,550,470		-
Non-current items:						
Financial assets mandatorily measured at						
fair value through profit or loss						
Convertible bonds		-		-		1,361,091
Valuation adjustment		_				143,761
						1,504,852
	\$	1,582,617	\$	1,550,470	\$	1,504,852

A. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others.

B. The Group entered into contracts relating to derivative financial assets which were not accounted for under hedge accounting. The information is listed below:

	March 31, 2024							
	Contract amount							
Financial instruments	(notion	nal principal)	Contract period					
Current items:								
Convertible bonds	KRW	54,990,000	2019.12.27~2024.12.26					
	December 31, 2023							
	Contract amount							
Financial instruments	(notion	nal principal)	Contract period					
Current items:								
Convertible bonds	KRW	54,990,000	2019.12.27~2024.12.26					
		March 3	31, 2023					
	Contr	act amount						
Financial instruments	(notion	nal principal)	Contract period					
Non-current items:								
Convertible bonds	KRW	54,990,000	2019.12.27~2024.12.26					

- C. On December 27, 2019, the Group acquired convertible bonds issued by SPI for KRW 54,990,000 thousand. In accordance with the contract, both parties may, in the event of any serious occurrence, decide whether to re-negotiate the coupon rate and other contract terms and conditions on a semi-annual basis, and interest will be charged annually at the agreed coupon rate. In addition, the Group has the right to convert the bonds into ordinary shares of SPI at KRW 1,000 per share upon maturity.
- D. The interest received during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 at the agreed coupon rate was \$26,095 and \$26,297, respectively.
- E. The movements of the Company's financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss are provided in Note 12(3).

#### (3) Notes and accounts receivable

	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		March 31, 2023	
Accounts receivable	\$	124,905	\$	99,746	\$	390,657
Less: Allowance for uncollectible						
accounts	(	94)	()	87)	(	391)
	\$	124,811	\$	99,659	\$	390,266

A. The aging analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	Marc	March 31, 2024 Accounts receivable		December 31, 2023 Accounts receivable		March 31, 2023 Accounts receivable	
	Accou						
Not past due	\$	100,860	\$	78,230	\$	390,657	
Up to 90 days		24,045		21,516			
	\$	124,905	\$	99,746	\$	390,657	

- B. Accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. As of January 1, 2023, the balances of receivables (including notes receivable) from contracts with customers amounted to \$269,556.
- C. The Group has no notes and accounts receivable pledged to others.
- D. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).

#### (4) <u>Inventories</u>

	March 31, 2024						
	Allowance for						
		Cost		valuation loss		Book value	
Raw materials	\$	812,435	(\$	38,583)	\$	773,852	
Work in progress		722	(	722)		-	
Finished goods		23,736	(_	1,478)		22,258	
	\$	836,893	( <u>\$</u>	40,783)	\$	796,110	
	December 31, 2023						
	Allowance for						
		Cost		valuation loss		Book value	
Raw materials	\$	717,300	(\$	38,110)	\$	679,190	
Work in progress		722	(	722)		-	
Finished goods		30,993	(	1,460)		29,533	
	\$	749,015	( <u>\$</u>	40,292)	<u>\$</u>	708,723	
	March 31, 2023						
	Allowance for						
		Cost		valuation loss		Book value	
Raw materials	\$	485,266	(\$	4,960)	\$	480,306	
Work in progress		722	(	722)		-	
Finished goods		78,443	(	5,693)		72,750	
	\$	564,431	( <u>\$</u>	11,375)	\$	553,056	

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Three-month periods ended March 31,					
		2024		2023		
Cost of goods sold	\$	53,460	\$	235,765		
Valuation loss		491		60		
	\$	53,951	\$	235,825		

### (5) Property, plant and equipment

At January 1, 2024         \$ 36,606         \$ 827         \$ 6,708         \$ 6,251         \$ 50,392           Accumulated depreciation and impairment         \$ 10,173         \$ 120         \$ 3,297         \$ 2,599         \$ 16,189
Cost       \$ 36,606 \$       827 \$       6,708 \$       6,251 \$       50,392         Accumulated depreciation and impairment       ( 26,433) ( 707) ( 3,411) ( 3,652) ( 34,203) ( 34,203) ( 10,173 \$       120 \$       3,297 \$       2,599 \$       16,189         2024
Accumulated depreciation and impairment $(26,433)(707)(3,411)(3,652)(34,203)$ $(30,173)(3,411)(3,652)(34,203)$ $(30,173)(3,411)(3,652)(34,203)$ $(30,173)(3,111)(3,652)(3,111)$ $(30,173)(3,111)(3,111)$ $(30,111)(3,11)$ $(30,111)(3,111)$ $(30,111)(3,111)$ $(30,111)(3,111)$ $(30,11)(3,111)$ $(30,111)(3,111)$ $(30,111)(3,111)$ $(30,111)(3,111)$ $(30,111)(3,111)$ $(30,111)(3,111)$ $(30,111)(3,111)$ $(30,111)($
and impairment ( 26,433) ( 707) ( 3,411) ( 3,652) ( 34,203) \$ 10,173 \$ 120 \$ 3,297 \$ 2,599 \$ 16,189  2024
\$\frac{10,173}{\$} \frac{\$\$10,173}{\$} \frac{\$\$120}{\$} \frac{\$\$3,297}{\$} \frac{\$\$2,599}{\$} \frac{\$\$16,189}{\$} \frac{2024}{\$}
<u>2024</u>
Opening net book amount as at January 1 \$ 10,173 \$ 120 \$ 3,297 \$ 2,599 \$ 16,189
as at January 1 \$ 10,173 \$ 120 \$ 3,297 \$ 2,599 \$ 16,189 Additions ( 409) 1,989 1,580
Depreciation charge (631) (269) (401) (402) (1,703)
Closing net book amount
as at March 31 \$ 9,133 \$ 1,840 \$ 2,896 \$ 2,197 \$ 16,066
At March 31, 2024
Cost \$ 36,197 \$ 2,406 \$ 6,708 \$ 6,251 \$ 51,562
Accumulated depreciation
and impairment $( 27,064) ( 566) ( 3,812) ( 4,054) ( 35,496)$
<u>\$ 9,133</u> <u>\$ 1,840</u> <u>\$ 2,896</u> <u>\$ 2,197</u> <u>\$ 16,066</u>
Test Molding Implements Other
equipment equipment equipment Total
<u> </u>
At January 1, 2023  Cost \$ 24,798 \$ 11,459 \$ 6,707 \$ 6,047 \$ 49,011
Cost \$ 24,798 \$ 11,459 \$ 6,707 \$ 6,047 \$ 49,011 Accumulated depreciation
and impairment ( 12,179) ( 8,490) ( 1,808) ( 2,768) ( 25,245)
<u> </u>
2023
Opening net book amount
as at January 1 \$ 12,619 \$ 2,969 \$ 4,899 3,279 \$ 23,766
Depreciation charge ( <u>912</u> ) ( <u>1,353</u> ) ( <u>400</u> ) ( <u>302</u> ) ( <u>2,967</u> )
Closing net book amount
as at March 31 \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
At March 31, 2023
Cost \$ 24,798 \$ 9,759 \$ 6,707 \$ 6,047 \$ 47,311
Accumulated depreciation
and impairment ( <u>13,091</u> ) ( <u>8,143</u> ) ( <u>2,208</u> ) ( <u>3,070</u> ) ( <u>26,512</u> )
<u>\$ 11,707</u> <u>\$ 1,616</u> <u>\$ 4,499</u> <u>\$ 2,977</u> <u>\$ 20,799</u>

A. The Group has no property, plant and equipment pledged to others as collateral for borrowings.

B. In second half of 2022, the Group experienced a laboratory fire accident that led to the destruction of certain property, plant and equipment. In 2023, insurance compensation was received for the damaged property, plant and equipment. The replacements were assessed based on their recoverable amount, resulting in the recognition of an impairment loss of \$12,904 for replacement assets related to equipment.

#### (6) <u>Leasing arrangements—lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including land, buildings, office and warehouse. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 2-5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise part of office. Low-value assets comprise parking space and other office equipment.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	March 31, 2024 Carrying amount		December 31, 2023		March 31, 2023		
			Carrying ar	nount	Carrying amount		
Buildings, office and warehouse	\$	4,375	\$	5,735	\$	4,329	
Test equipment		3,217		3,725		_	
	\$	7,592	\$	9,460	\$	4,329	
		Thre	e-month perio	ds endec	March 31,		
		2024			2023		
		Depreciat	ion charge	Dep	reciation ch	narge	
Buildings, office and warehouse		\$	1,360	\$		744	
Test equipment			508				
		\$	1,868	\$		744	

- D. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no additions to right-of use assets.
- E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Three-month periods ended March 31,						
		2024	-	2023			
Items affecting profit or loss							
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	43	\$	25			
Expense on short-term lease contracts		1,265		726			
Expense on leases of low-value assets		18		9			

F. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$3,236 and \$1,546, respectively.

#### (7) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	March 31, 2024	Borrowing period	Interest rate	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$ 659,023	2023/10/20~2025/2/6	2.10%~2.75%	None
Type of borrowings	December 31, 2023	Borrowing period	Interest rate	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$ 430,000	2023/1/13~2024/12/26	2.10%~2.68%	None
Type of borrowings	March 31, 2023	Borrowing period	Interest rate	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$ 305,000	2022/10/10~2024/2/9	1.99%~2.55%	None

Interest expense recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$2,704 and \$1,383 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### (8) Short-term notes and bills payable

Type of borrowings	Dec	ember 31, 2023	Borrowing period	Interest rate	Collateral
Commercial paper	\$	100,000	2023/10/13~2024/3/5	2.22%	None

- A. As of March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group had no short-term notes and bills payable.
- B. Interest expense recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$640 and \$0 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### (9) Other accounts payable

	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		March 31, 2023	
Wages and bonuses payable	\$	15,503	\$	32,009	\$	8,712
Payable on service fees		5,984		4,730		5,530
Payable on annual due fees		4,199		-		183
Payable on spare parts		3,840		3,768		3,131
Unused compensated absences						
payable		2,403		2,378		2,061
Payable on machinery and						
equipment		1,989		3,942		-
Payable on certification fees		779		3,988		510
Payable on commissions		199		191		2,623
Others		10,575		11,616		8,255
	\$	45,471	\$	62,622	\$	31,005

#### (10) Pensions

#### A. Defined benefit plans

(a) The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each

additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by the end of December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contributions for the deficit by next March.

- (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, no pension cost was recognised by the Group for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.
- (c) The Group has no expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plan for the year ending December 31, 2024.

#### B. Defined contribution plans

- (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognised pension costs of \$1,250 and \$1,168 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### (11) Share-based payment

A. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

		Quantity	Contract	
Type of arrangement	Grant date	granted	period	Vesting conditions
Employee stock options	2019.8.30	8508	7 years	Note
Employee stock options	2020.12.25	1663	7 years	Note
Employee stock options	2021.11.24	1337	7 years	Note

Note: Employee stock options are 50% vested after 2 years of service, 75% vested after 3 years of service and 100% vested after 4 years of service.

B. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

		2024				2023		
		Weighted-average			Weighted-average			
	No. of options	exercise price (in dollars)		No. of options	exercise price (in dollars)			
Options outstanding								
at January 1	4,455	\$	12.10	8,615	\$	12.13		
Options exercised	( 996)		12.13	-		-		
Options forfeited	(		<u> </u>	536)		<u> </u>		
Options outstanding at March 31	3,389	\$	12.09	8,079	\$	12.13		
Options exercisable at March 31	2,658	\$	12.37	4,801	\$	12.44		

C. The expiry date and exercise price of stock options outstanding at the balance sheet date are as follows:

		March 31	, 2024	December	31, 2023	December	31, 2022
		No. of	Exercise	No. of	Exercise	No. of	Exercise
Issue date	Expiry	shares (in	price (in	shares (in	price (in	shares (in	price (in
approved	date	thousands)	dollars)	thousands)	dollars)	thousands)	dollars)
2019.8.30	2026.8.29	2,177	\$ 12.60	2,918	\$ 12.60	5,508	\$ 12.60
2020.12.25	2027.12.24	697	11.45	847	11.45	1,339	11.45
2021.11.24	2028.11.23	515	10.80	690	10.80	1,232	10.80

D. The fair value of stock options granted on August 30, 2019, December 25, 2020 and November 24, 2021 are measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

							Risk-free	Fair
		Stock	Exercise	Expected	Expected	Expected	interest	value per
Type of		price (in	price (in	price	option life	dividends	rate	unit (in
arrangement	Grant date	dollars)	dollars)	volatility	(Year)	(%)	(%)	dollars)
Employee	2019.8.30	\$13.60	\$12.60	39.979~	3.25~	-	0.522 ~	\$ 4.01~
stock options				41.061%	4.375		0.543%	4.52
Employee	2020.12.25	11.45	11.45	43.540~	3.25~	-	0.177 ~	3.73~
stock options				46.311%	4.375		0.197%	4.05
Employee	2021.11.24	10.80	10.80	41.68%	4.875	-	0.46%	3.81~
stock options								4.08

E. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the compensation cost arising from employee stock options amounted to \$200 and \$1,052, of which \$0 and \$185, respectively, pertain to share-based payments paid to the employees of the parent company; and \$200 and \$867, respectively, pertain to compensation costs paid to the employees of the Company.

F. On June 8, 2023, the Company's parent company transferred treasury shares to employees of its subordinate companies, of which the number of shares granted to the employees of the Company was 154 thousand shares at an exercise price of \$11.71 (in dollars) per share. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company's compensation costs arising from the aforementioned share-based payment agreement amounted to \$360.

#### (12) Share capital

A. As of March 31, 2024, the Company's authorised capital was \$3,000,000, consisting of 300,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock, and the paid-in capital was \$1,926,305 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares (including advance receipts for share capital) outstanding are as follows:

	2024	2023
	No. of shares	No. of shares
	(in thousands)	(in thousands)
January 1	191,635	188,618
Exercise of employee share options	996	
March 31	192,631	188,618

- B. For the three-month period ended March 31, 2024, the employees of the Company exercised 996 thousand shares of employee share options and paid \$12,003 to the Company. As of March 31, 2024, total of 84 thousand shares amounting to \$837 have not yet been registered, shown as "Advance receipts for share capital".
- C. To meet the Company's long-term business development needs, replenish working capital and invest in projects that are beneficial to the Company's business development, the stockholders at their stockholders' meeting on November 13, 2019 adopted a resolution to raise additional cash through private placement. On the same date, the Board of Directors resolved to set the effective date of private placement capital increase on November 27, 2019 at the subscription price of \$13.44 (in dollars) per share. The amount of capital raised through the private placement was \$1,377,600, which had been registered. The ordinary shares raised through the private placement must follow the Securities and Exchange Act that they will be able to issue and offer publicly. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of the ordinary shares raised through the private placement are the same as other issued ordinary shares.

#### (13) Capital surplus

A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

- B. The overdue dividends unclaimed by shareholders shall be recognised as capital surplus in accordance with Order No. Jing-Shang-10602420200 issued in September 2017 by the Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C.
- C. Movements in the capital surplus are as follows:

	2024			
	Share premium	Employee stock options	Others	Total
At January 1	\$ 123,780	\$ 19,082	\$ 2,901	\$ 145,763
Share-based payments	-	200	-	200
Employee stock options forfeited	283	( 283)	-	-
Exercise of employee share options	6,319	( 4,271)	-	2,048
Overdue dividends reclaimed by shareholders			(1)	(1)
At March 31	\$ 130,382	\$ 14,728	\$ 2,900	\$ 148,010
		202	23	
	Share	Employee		
	_premium	stock options	Others	Total
At January 1	\$ 102,028	\$ 31,557	\$ 2,926	\$ 136,511
Share-based payments	( 185)	1,052	-	867
Employee stock options forfeited	1,883	(1,883)		-
At March 31	\$ 103,726	\$ 30,726	\$ 2,926	\$ 137,378

#### (14) Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)

- A. The current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve. After that, special reserve shall be set aside or reversed in accordance with the related laws or the regulations made by the Competent Authority. The remainder, if any, along with the unappropriated earnings of prior years and current adjustments on unappropriated earnings shall be proposed by the Board of Directors based on actual needs. While, the appropriation of earnings shall be resolved by the shareholders if earnings are distributed by issuing new shares.
- B. If the Company distributed all or partial of appropriate dividend and bonus, capital surplus or the legal reserve in the form of cash, they should be resolved by a majority vote at a meeting of Board of Directors attended by two-third of the total number of the directors, and be reported to the shareholders. Abovementioned dividends distribution should consider factors of finance, business and operations to appropriate distributable earnings for the period. Cash dividends shall account for at least 10% of the total of cash and stock dividends distributed.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.

- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- E. On May 30, 2023, the shareholders at their annual meeting approved the deficit compensation for 2022. Since the Company had an accumulated deficit, there was no distributable retained earnings. The aforementioned deficit compensation was the same with that proposed by the Board of Directors on March 9, 2023.
- F. On March 11, 2024, the Board of Directors resolved not to distribute earnings for 2023, since the Company had an accumulated deficit.

Information on the Company's deficit compensation as resolved by the shareholders and the Board of Directors are posted in the 'Market Observation Post System' at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

#### (15) Operating revenue

	Three	e-month period	ds end	led March 31,
		2024		2023
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	59,865	\$	299,094

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services at a point in time in the following geographical regions:

	Three-month periods ended March 3			
		2024		2023
Revenue from external customer contracts				
Asia	\$	59,865	\$	39,103
America				259,991
	\$	59,865	\$	299,094

#### B. Contract liabilities

The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

	March 31, 2024	<u>December 31, 2023</u>	March 31, 2023	January 1, 2023
Contract liabilities:				
Contract liability				
<ul> <li>unearned revenue</li> </ul>	\$ 4,191	\$ 4,191	\$ 11,289	\$ 11,289

C. Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period

	Three-month pe	eriods ended March 31,
	2024	2023
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	<u>-</u> \$ <u>-</u>

#### (16) Other gains and losses

	Three	Three-month periods ended March 31,				
		2024		2023		
Gains on financial assets at fair						
value through profit or loss	\$	32,147	\$	36,674		
Foreign exchange gains		1,529		1,739		
Others			(	1)		
	\$	33,676	\$	38,412		

#### (17) Expenses by nature

	Three-month periods ended March 31				
		2024		2023	
Employee benefit expense	\$	25,239	\$	30,883	
Depreciation charges (Note)		3,571		3,711	
Amortisation charges on intangible assets		449		425	
	\$	29,259	\$	35,019	

Note: Including depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets.

### (18) Employee benefit expense

	Three-month periods ended March 31,			
		2024	-	2023
Wages and salaries	\$	20,972	\$	26,491
Labour and health insurance fees		2,123		2,433
Pension costs		1,250		1,168
Other personnel expenses		894		791
	<u>\$</u>	25,239	\$	30,883

- A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The ratio shall not be lower than 2% for employees and not be higher than 2% for directors and supervisors. However, if the Company has an accumulated deficit, earnings should first be reserved to cover accumulated deficit.
- B. Due to the accumulated deficit, no employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration was estimated and accrued for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.
- C. Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

### (19) Income tax

#### A. Income tax expense

Components of income tax expense:

	Three-month pe	eriods ended March 31,
	2024	2023
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	<u>-</u> \$
Total current tax		<u>-</u>
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		<u>-</u>
Total deferred tax		<u>-</u>
Income tax expense	\$	<u>-</u> \$ -

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2022 had been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

### (20) Loss (earnings) per share

	Three months ended March 31, 2024						
		Number of ordinary	Loss per				
	Amount	shares outstanding	share				
	after tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dollars)				
Basic and Diluted loss per share  Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders							
of the parent	(\$ 3,438)	192,157	(\$ 0.02)				
•	Three	months ended March 3	1, 2023				
		Number of ordinary	Earnings				
	Amount	shares outstanding	per share				
	after tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dollars)				
Basic earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders							
of the parent	\$ 52,319	188,618	\$ 0.28				
Diluted earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders							
of the parent	52,319	188,618					
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential							
ordinary shares		1 402					
Employees' compensation		1,482					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders							
of the parent plus assumed conversion of	\$ 52,319	190,100	\$ 0.28				
all dilutive potential ordinary shares	φ 32,319	170,100	ψ 0.20				

#### (21) Supplemental cash flow information

Investing activities with partial cash payments:

	Three-month periods ended March 31,					
		2024		2023		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	1,580	\$	-		
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment		3,942		4,466		
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment	(	1,989)		<u>-</u>		
Cash paid during the period	\$	3,533	\$	4,466		

#### (22) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, liabilities from financing activities include short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable and lease liabilities. Please refer to the changes in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

#### 7. Related Party Transactions

#### (1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Company is controlled by Kinpo Electronics Inc. (KPO), which owns 67.47% of the Company's shares.

#### (2) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group
Kinpo Electronics, Inc.	Parent company
Cal-Comp Electronics & Communications Co., Ltd.	Sister company
Cal-Comp Electronics (Thailand) Public Company Limited	Sister company
SaveCom International Inc.	Other related company
Compal Electronics, Inc. and its subsidiaries	Other related company

#### (3) Significant related party transactions

#### A. Purchases:

	Three	Three-month periods ended March 31,					
	2024			2023			
Sister company							
-Cal-Comp Electronics (Thailand) Public							
Company Limited	\$	22,480	\$	116,074			
Other related company		_		3,588			
	\$	22,480	\$	119,662			

Except for those with no similar transactions for reference and the prices and payment terms are determined by negotiations between both parties, the Group makes purchases from the aforementioned related parties at the prevailing market price. The payment terms are 1-4 months to third parties and 3-4 months to related parties.

### B. Other expense:

		_ <u>T</u>	Three-month periods ended March 31,				
			2024		2023		
Human support service fee:							
Sister company							
-Cal-Comp Electronics & Communic	ations						
Co., Ltd.		\$	1,2	<u>45</u> <u>\$</u>		1,301	
C. Other receivables:							
	March 31	, 2024	December 31	, 2023	March 3	31, 2023	
Receivables from raw materials							
purchases on behalf of others:							
Sister company							
-Cal-Comp Electronics (Thailand)							
Public Company Limited	\$	27,602	\$	1,358	\$	8,198	
Other receivables arise mainly from	raw material	s purchas	ses on behalf	of other	s and are d	ue 45	
days after the date of delivery. The red	ceivables are	non-inte	rest bearing.				

### D. Payables to related parties:

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Accounts payable:			
Sister company			
-Cal-Comp Electronics (Thailand)			
Public Company Limited	\$ 52,101	\$ 44,087	\$ 300,327
Other related company			3,588
	52,101	44,087	303,915
Other payables – receipts under			
custody:			
Sister company			
-Cal-Comp Electronics (Thailand)			
Public Company Limited	-	140,801	-
Other accounts payable-other:			
Parent company	191	80	10
Sister company			
-Cal-Comp Electronics (Thailand)			
Public Company Limited	992	,	3,813
-Other	1,291	774	1,533
	2,474	142,778	5,356
	\$ 54,575	\$ 186,865	\$ 309,271

(a) Accounts payable arise mainly from purchase transactions and are due 90 to 120 days after the date of purchase. The payables are non-interest bearing.

(b) Receivables and payables arising from purchases on behalf of related parties were offset as it meets the criteria for derecognition and offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities, and the net amounts were \$3,838,104, \$3,723,765 and \$5,877,821 as of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, respectively.

#### E. Lease transactions—lessee

- (a) The Group leases test equipment from parent company. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 2 years. Rents are paid at the end of every year.
- (b) Lease liabilities
  - (i) Outstanding balance:

	Marcl	March 31, 2024		ber 31, 2023	March 31, 2023		
Parent company	\$	3,963	\$	4,572	\$	-	

(ii) Interest expense

	Three-m	Three-month periods ended March 3					
	202	2024		2023			
Parent company	\$	21	\$	-			

#### (4) Key management compensation

	Three-month periods ended March 31,					
		2024		2023		
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	6,212	\$	8,908		
Post-employment benefits		54		54		
	\$	6,266	\$	8,962		

#### 8. Pledged Assets

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Pledged asset	March 31	1, 2024	December	31, 2023	March 31	, 2023	Purpose
Pledged demand deposits							Collateral for bank
(shown as other current assets)	\$	12,033	\$	12,033	\$	5,006	borrowings

#### 9. Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognised Contract Commitments

#### (1) Contingencies

None.

#### (2) Commitments

As of March 31, 2024, due to the Group's procurement requirements, a promissory note guarantee contract was signed with an amount of \$38,388, and the related accounts are shown as guarantee notes deposit and guarantee notes payable.

#### 10. Significant Disaster Loss

None.

#### 11. Significant Events after the Balance Sheet Date

Due to the Group's procurement requirements, a promissory note guarantee contract was signed with an amount of US\$1,828,000 in April 2024, and the related accounts are shown as guarantee notes deposit and guarantee notes payable.

#### 12. Others

#### (1) Capital management

There was no significant change in the reporting period. Refer to Note 12 in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### (2) Financial instruments

#### A. Financial instruments by category

For information and amounts related to the Group's financial assets, which comprise financial assets at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables (including related parties), other current assets, guarantee deposits paid, short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, accounts payable (including related parties), other payables (including related parties)), financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and lease liabilities, refer to the consolidated balance sheets and Note 8.

#### B. Financial risk management policies

There was no significant change in the reporting period. Refer to Note 12 in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

#### (a) Market risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to exchange rate risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Exchange rate risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	March 31, 2024							
	Foreign currency		Book	Sensitivity analysis				
	amount	Exchange	value	Extent of Effect on				
	(In thousands)	rate	(NTD)	variation profit or loss				
(Foreign currency:								
functional currency)								
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$ 5,335	31.99	\$ 170,667	1% \$ 1,707				

	_		Mar	ch	31	, 2024			
	]	Foreign currency amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate			Book value (NTD)	Sensitiv Extent of variation	Eff	ect on
(Foreign currency: functional currency)									
Financial liabilities									
Monetary items									
USD:NTD	\$	3,104	31.99	\$		99,297	1% \$	•	993
			Decen	nbe	er 3	31, 2023			
		Foreign currency amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate			Book value (NTD)	Sensitive Extent of	Eff	ect on
(Foreign currency:	•	(III tilousalius)	Tate	-		(IVID)	<u>variation</u>	ргоп	t Of IOSS
functional currency)									
Financial assets									
Monetary items USD:NTD Financial liabilities		\$ 10,726	30.74	_	\$	329,717	1%	\$	3,297
Monetary items USD:NTD		\$ 9,609	30.74		\$	295,381	1%	\$	2,954
			Mar	ch	31	, 2023			
	j	Foreign currency amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate			Book value (NTD)	Sensitive Extent of variation	Eff	ect on
(Foreign currency: functional currency)	•			_				•	
Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD  Financial liabilities Monetary items		\$ 15,111	30.45	í	\$	460,130	1%	\$	4,601
USD:NTD		\$ 13,566	30.45	i	\$	413,085	1%	\$	4,131

iii. The total exchange gain arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, amounted to \$1,529 and \$1,739, respectively.

#### (b) Price risk

The Group's investments in equity securities comprise hybrid instruments issued by the foreign enterprise. The prices of hybrid instruments would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these hybrid instruments had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$15,826 and \$15,049, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss.

#### (c) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. During March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in New Taiwan dollars.
- ii. If the borrowing interest rate of New Taiwan dollars had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, profit, net of tax for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 would have decreased/increased by \$1,318 and \$610, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result from floating rate borrowings.

#### (d) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.
- ii. The Group manages its credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions, only banks with good credit and financial institutions with sufficient investment grades or above are deemed acceptable for investing. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Group assesses expected credit loss on individual significant defaulted accounts receivable and classifies remaining customers' accounts receivable in accordance with characteristics of customer types. The Group applies different loss rate methodology or provision matrix as basis to estimate expected credit loss on different groups.
- iv. The Group used the forecastability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. According to abovementioned consideration and information, the Group does not expect any significant default possibility of accounts receivable.

v. The Group used the forecastability of Taiwan Institute of Economic Research boom observation report to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. As of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, the provision matrix and loss rate methodology is as follows:

	N	ot past due	Up	to 90 days	Total	
At March 31, 2024						
Expected loss rate		0.075%		0.075%		
Total book value	\$	100,458	\$	24,447	\$ 124,905	
Loss allowance	(\$	76)	(\$	18) (9	\$ 94)	
	N	ot past due	Up	to 90 days	Total	
<u>December 31, 2023</u>						
Expected loss rate	(	0.0872%	(	0.0872%		
Total book value	\$	78,230	\$	21,516	\$ 99,746	
Loss allowance	(\$	68)	(\$	19) (9	\$ 87)	
	N	ot past due	Up	to 90 days	Total	
At March 31, 2023						
Expected loss rate		0.10%		0.00%		
Total book value	\$	390,657	\$	- 5	\$ 390,657	
Loss allowance	(\$	391)	\$	- (5	\$ 391)	

vi. Movements in relation to the Group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

	2	2023			
	Accounts	Accounts receivable			
At January 1	\$	87	\$	270	
Provision for impairment		7		121	
At March 31	\$	94	\$	391	

#### (e) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and, if applicable external regulatory or legal requirements, for example, currency restrictions. As of May 10, 2024, the Group's unused credit lines amounted to \$379,977.
- ii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities and to the expected maturity date for derivative financial liabilities.

As of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities (including short-term borrowings, accounts payable, accounts payable to related parties, other payables and other current liabilities) will expire within 1 year.

March 31, 2024	Less than 1 year		Ove	r 1 year	Total		
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Lease liability	\$	6,263	\$	1,507	\$	7,770	
December 31, 2023	Less tha	n 1 year	Ove	r 1 year		Total	
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Lease liability	\$	7,584	\$	2,136	\$	9,720	
March 31, 2023	Less tha	n 1 year	Over	1 year	Total		
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Lease liability	\$	2,743	\$	1,872	\$	4,615	

#### (4) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
  - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
  - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in Level 3.
- B. The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables (including related parties), guarantee deposits paid, short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, accounts payable (including related parties) and other payables (including related parties), are approximate to their fair values.
- C. The related information on financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities at March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, is as follows:

(a) The related information on the nature of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

March 31, 20	024	Level 1	Level	12	Level 3		Total	
Assets								
Recurring fair value	2							
measurements								
Financial assets at f	air value							
through profit or lo	SS							
Convertible bonds		\$	<u>-</u> \$		\$ 1,582,6	<u>17</u>	\$ 1,582,617	
December 31,	2023	Level 1	Level	12	Level 3		Total	
Assets								
Recurring fair value	2							
<u>measurements</u>								
Financial assets at f								
through profit or lo	SS							
Convertible bonds		\$	- \$		\$ 1,550,4	<u>70</u>	\$ 1,550,470	
March 31, 20	023	Level 1	Level	12	Level 3		Total	
Assets								
Recurring fair value	<u>2</u>							
<u>measurements</u>								
Financial assets at f	air value							
through profit or lo	SS							
Convertible bonds	1	\$	<u>-</u> \$		\$ 1,504,83	52	\$ 1,504,852	
The fair values of c	onvertible	bonds as of	March 31, 2	024, I	December 31	, 202	23 and March	
31, 2023 were mea	sured usin	ng the binom	ial model (o	ne of	the lattice n	node	ls). The main	
assumptions used a		_	`				,	
		value at	Expected	Risk	-free rate	Ext	pected price	
		31, 2024	duration		interest	-	latility (%)	
Convertible bonds	\$	1,582,617	$\frac{\text{duration}}{0.74 \text{ years}}$	-	3.42%		47.60%	
Convertible bolids	Ψ	1,302,017	0.74 years	•	<b>5.4</b> 270		47.00%	
	Fair	value at	Expected	Risk	-free rate	Exp	pected price	
Decemb		er 31, 2023	duration	of	interest	VO	latility (%)	
Convertible bonds	\$	1,550,470	0.99 years	3	3.36%		41.67%	
	Fair	value at	Expected	Risk-free rate		Expected price		
	March	31, 2023	duration	of	interest	volatility (%)		
Convertible bonds	\$	1,504,852	1.74 years		4.19%		40.97%	
			•					

- D. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- E. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023:

	Three-month periods ended March 31,							
		2024		2023				
	Hyt	orid instrument	Hybrid instrument					
At January 1	\$	1,550,470	\$	1,468,178				
Gains recognised in profit or loss		32,147		36,674				
At March 31	\$	1,582,617	\$	1,504,852				

- F. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- G. The Group's fair value measurements categorised within Level 3 is valued through outsourced appraisal performed by the external valuer.
- H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	,		Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value		
Hybrid instrument:								
Convertible bonds	<u>\$</u>	1,582,617	Binomial Model (one of	Long-term income before taxes	-	The higher the long-term income before taxes, the higher the fair value; The		
					the lattice models)	Weighted average cost of capital	13.97%	higher the weighted average cost of capital, the lower the fair value;
				Lack of marketability discount	20%	The higher the lack of marketability discount, the lower the fair value.		

	Fair value		Significant	Range	Relationship of		
	at December 31	, Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	inputs to		
	2023	technique	input	average)	fair value		
Hybrid instrument:							
Convertible bonds	\$ 1,550,470	Binomial Model (one of	Long-term income before taxes	-	The higher the long-term income before taxes, the		
		the lattice models)	Weighted average cost of capital	13.74%	higher the fair value; The higher the weighted average cost of capital, the lower the fair value;		
			Lack of marketability discount	20%	The higher the lack of marketability discount, the lower the fair value.		
	Fair value		Significant	Range	Relationship of		
	Fair value at March 31,	Valuation	Significant unobservable	Range (weighted	-		
		Valuation technique	•	_	-		
Hybrid instrument:	at March 31,		unobservable	(weighted	inputs to		
•	at March 31,	Binomial Model	unobservable	(weighted	inputs to fair value  The higher the long-term income before taxes, the		
instrument: Convertible	at March 31, 2023	technique Binomial	unobservable input  Long-term income	(weighted	inputs to fair value  The higher the long-term		

I. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used by external valuer to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect on profit or loss or on other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

				March 31, 2024				
			Re	Recognised in profit or loss				
			Fa	Favourable Unfavourab				
	Input	Change		change	change			
Financial assets	Long-term income before taxes							
Hybrid instrument	Weighted average cost of capital	$\pm 1\%$	\$	15,826		15,826)		

			December 31, 2023					
			Recognised i	n profit or loss				
		Favourable						
	Input	Change	change	change				
Financial assets	Long-term income before taxes							
Hybrid instrument	Weighted average cost of capital	$\pm 1\%$	\$ 15,505	(\$ 15,505)				
			March 31, 2023					
			Recognised i	n profit or loss				
			Favourable	Unfavourable				
	Input	Change	change	change				
Financial assets	Long-term income before taxes							
Hybrid instrument	Weighted average cost of capital	$\pm 1\%$	\$ 15,049	(\$ 15,049)				

#### 13. Supplementary Disclosures

#### (1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: None.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: None.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Refer to table 1.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 2.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Refer to Note 6(2).
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: None.

#### (2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Refer to table 3.

#### (3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Refer to table 4.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: None.

#### (4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Refer to table 5.

#### 14. Segment Information

#### (1) General information

The Group operates business only in a single industry. The chief operating decision-maker who allocates resources and assesses performance of the Group as a whole, has identified that the Group has only one reportable operating segment.

#### (2) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

The revenue from external customers reported to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income. No reconciliation is needed as the Group's reportable segments income (loss) is the income (loss) before tax.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

March 31, 2024

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

			As of March	1 31, 2024				
Securities held by	Marketable securities	securities issuer	curities issuer General ledger account		Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Castlenet Technology Inc.	SPI. Convertible Bond	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	\$ 1,582,617	-	\$ 1,582,617	

#### $Purchases \ or \ sales \ of \ goods \ from \ or \ to \ related \ parties \ reaching \ NT\$100 \ million \ or \ 20\% \ of \ paid-in \ capital \ or \ more$

#### Three-month period ended March 31, 2024

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

### Differences in transaction terms compared to third party

			compared to third party								
				Transaction				actions	Notes/accour		
					Percentage of					Percentage of	
		Relationship with	Purchases		total purchases					total notes/accounts	Footnote
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	the counterparty	(sales)	Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	receivable (payable)	(Note)
CastleNet Technology Inc.	Cal-Comp Electronics (Thailand) Public Company Limited	Subsidiary of the Company's parent, Kinpo Electronics Inc.	Purchases	\$ 22,480	15%	90-120 days after monthly billings	Available to third parties	90-120 days after monthly billings	(\$ 52,101)	59%	Note

Note: The abovementioned accounts payable to related parties are mainly comprised of the balance of accounts payable for purchasing finished goods from sister companies.

#### Information on investees

Three-month period ended March 31, 2024

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

										Net profit (loss) of the investee for		nent income (loss) ed by the Compan	
					Initial investment amount		Shares held as at March 31, 2024			the three-month	for t	he three-month	
			Main business	Ba	lance as at	Balance as at				period ended	p	eriod ended	
Investor	Investee	Location	activities	Mar	ch 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	March 31, 2024	Ma	arch 31, 2024	Footnote
CastleNet Technology Inc.	Castlenet Technology (BVI) Inc.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holdings	\$	302,692	\$ 302,692	8,708	100	\$ 42,628	\$ 102	\$	10	2

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				A	ccumulated	Amount remitted from Taiwan			Accumulated			Investment income		Accumulated	
				8	amount of	t	o Mainla	and China/		amount		Ownership	(loss) recognised		amount
				rem	nittance from	An	nount re	mitted back	•	of remittance	Net income (loss)	held by	by the Company	Book value of	of investment
				-	Taiwan to			the three-month	fr	rom Taiwan to	of investee	the	for the three-month	investments in	income
			Investment	Ma	inland China	period	l ended l	March 31, 2024	_ M	Iainland China	for the three-month	Company	period ended	Mainland China	remitted back to
Investee in	Main business	Paid-in capital	method	as c	of January 1,	Remitte	ed to	Remitted back	a	s of March 31,	period ended	(direct or	March 31, 2024	as of March 31,	Taiwan as of
Mainland China	activities	(Note 1)	(Note 2)		2024	Mainland	l China	to Taiwan	_	2024	March 31, 2024	indirect)	(Note 3)	2024	March 31, 2024
CastleNet Technology Inc Kunshan	Manufacture and	\$ 239,925	2	\$	239,925	\$	-	\$ -	\$	239,925	\$ 100	100	\$ 100	\$ 34,987	\$ -
	design broadband	USD 7,500			USD 7,500					USD 7,500					
	communication														
	products such as														
	modem and sales of														
	self-produced														
	products														
		Investment	G '11'												
	Accumulated	amount approved	Ceiling on												
	amount	by the	investments in												

Note 1: The numbers in this table are expressed in New Taiwan Dollars. For the amounts denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at the exchange rate used in financial statements.

of remittance

from Taiwan to

Mainland China

as of March 31,

2024

239,925

- (1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.
- (2) Through establishing Castlent Technology (BVI) Inc. in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

Investment

Commission of

the Ministry of

Economic

Affairs (MOEA)

239,925

(3) Others

Company name

CastleNet Technology Inc. - Kunshan

Note 3: The investment income (loss) was recognised based on the financial statements reviewed by independent auditors for the three-month period ended March 31, 2024.

Mainland China

imposed by the

Investment Commission of

MOEA

1,153,859

Note 2: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

#### Major shareholders information

March 31, 2024

Table 5

<u>-</u>	Shares						
Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held	Ownership (%)					
Kinpo Electronics, Inc.	129,959	67.47%					